

Translation of observed and modelled extreme bushfire behaviours to improve fire prediction and fireground safety

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Module 1: Introduction to extreme fire behaviour module





This training was developed to share the research learnings from case studies of fires that burned do the 2019–2020 Black Summer fire season. The case studies were conducted using the coupled fireatmosphere model ACCESS-Fire in order to understand how interactions between the fire and consequently advantaged for the behavior (fire behavior).

This training has three modules:

. this introductory module;

2 a module on Fire-Generated Vortices (FI

3. a module on Low-Level lets (LLIs) and their interaction with a fire plume.

Module 2: Fire-Generated Vortices (FGV)





earning time: 1 hour

Visions to the Fire-Generated Virtices models in this models, you will learn how to dentify frepenerated vortices (Pools) and the environments that are founded to their formation frow will explore what resources are available to help you assess FGV potential and communicate the risks they pose to crews and assets. At the end of this models, you will have an opportunity to reflect and apply your learning to you own welpface content.

The aims of this module are t

1. enhance your knowledge of fire-generated vortices (FGVs

2. develop an understanding of key risk factors of FGVs at firegrou

3. explore the information available that can be shared between Fire Meteorologists and Fi

Module 3: Low-Level Jets (LLJ)





Learning time: 1 hour

The aim of this module is to develop your knowledge of low-level jets (LLIs) to understand the risks ther pose when interacting with a fire plume to drive enhanced surface fire behaviour.

he aims of this module are to:

hance your knowledge of LLIs

elop an understanding of key risk factors for LLIs at firegrounds

3. explore the information available that can be shared between Fire Meteorologists and Fire

BNHCRC post-Black Summer Research

- Coupled fire atmospheric modelling reconciled the meteorology with observed fire behaviour
- Modules are a follow-up project to share research learnings with an operational audience using an applied, contemporary approach

Training Modules Project Team:

Nicola Moore (NHRA) Project Manager

Mika Peace (High Impact Weather) Fire Meteorology

Chris Morton (DEECA) Predictive Services and AFAC PSG Training

Siri Sawatdeenarunat, Lexie Keeton and Evvie Pappas (Curio) Learning Developers



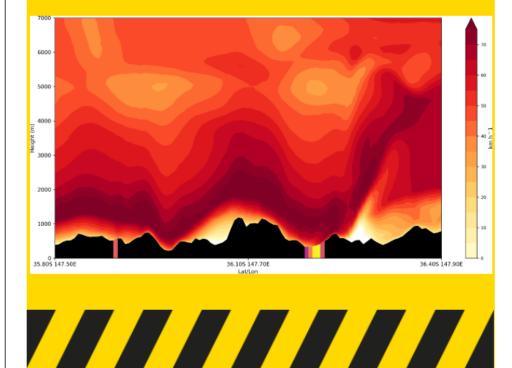


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COUPLED FIRE-ATMOSPHERE SIMULATIONS OF FIVE 'BLACK SUMMER' FIRES USING THE ACCESS-FIRE MODEL

Mika Peace, Barry Hanstrum, Jesse Greenslade, Dragana Zovko-Rajak, Abhik Santra, Jeffrey Kepert, Paul Fox-Hughes, Harvey Ye and Jeffrey Jones.

Research Group, High Impact Weather, Bureau of Meteorology, Melbourne, Victoria.





Training materials that contextualise learning in operations

Goals

Translate research findings and present as educational and training materials for professional development.

Results

3 E-learning modules for a key audience of Fire Behaviour Analysts and Fire Meteorologists

Approach

NHRA engaged an external learning developer with training design expertise.

Collaboration between Researchers, Fire Meteorologist, Fire Behaviour Analysts and learning specialists

Scenario-based learning drawing on Black Summer case studies and operational data



Module 1: Introduction to extreme fire behaviour module





Participants will learn...

- → What is extreme fire behaviour
- → Principles for **evaluating** and **communicating** the risks of extreme fire behaviour
- → How Fire Mets and FBANs can collaborate the information, tools available to each group and their skills and knowledge.
- → Introduction to coupled fire atmospheric modelling for interpretation of case studies in Modules 2 and 3



Module 2: Fire-Generated Vortices (FGV)



Participants will learn...

- → What FGV are and how they form
- → Identify when conditions are favourable for an FGV to occur
- → Hazards and risks presented by FGV
- → How to communicate potential FGV risks to incident management personnel and field crews.



Module 3: Low-Level Jets (LLJ) START COURSE



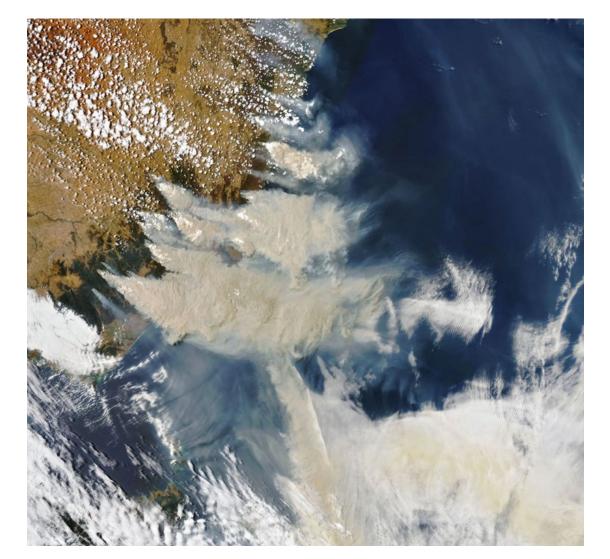
Participants will learn...

- → To look at the wind structure above the surface and understand the potential for plume mixing processes at a large fire.
- → How the energy release of a fire may interact with boundary layer winds
- → When to use elevated winds as input to fire predictions to assess potential worst-case scenarios
- → How to communicate potential LLJ risks to incident management personnel and field crews



Where to from here

- → NHRA is working to identify hosting options for the modules to make them available to agencies via licence.
- → Training modules available for FBANs and Fire Mets before next bushfire season.
- → NHRA will garner feedback and evaluate - potential for further training modules for research utilisation in the future.





The modules

Online show



Project learnings

Feedback from agencies and target audience

Compare impact and value with project report or journal publication (return on investment)

Who will access the modules?

Longevity of project artefacts

More streamlined process next time

Other research that could be similarly developed as modules.

