

Awareness, education and communication for compound natural hazards

Project team:

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Natural hazard events are increasing in frequency and/or intensity under climate change

- Awareness, education and communication are crucial for preparedness, response and recovery
- There is no established best practice framework for communicating on *compound* natural hazards
- This project aims to fill that gap by co-creating a tailored communication framework with communities and responders





Compound natural hazards are...two or more extreme disaster events occurring simultaneously or successively; combinations of extreme events with underlying conditions that amplify their impact; combinations of events that are not themselves extreme but which collectively lead to extreme impacts.



Seneviratne et al. (2012)

Changes in climate extremes and their impacts on the natural physical environment. In: *Managing the Risks of Extreme Events and Disasters to Advance Climate Change Adaptation*, Field, C.B. et al. (eds.). A Special Report of Working Groups I and II of the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC). Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, pp. 109-230.





This presentation will cover:

- 1. Literature review results
- 2. Fieldwork update
- 3. Emerging themes
- 4. Next steps





Literature review: highlights

 Systematic quantitative literature review of 45 peer-reviewed papers

• What constitutes 'compound hazards' is not clearly defined or agreed on in the literature

 With increasing risk of hazards co-occurring, awareness is needed to improve resilience

 There is no key framework to guide compound hazard communication

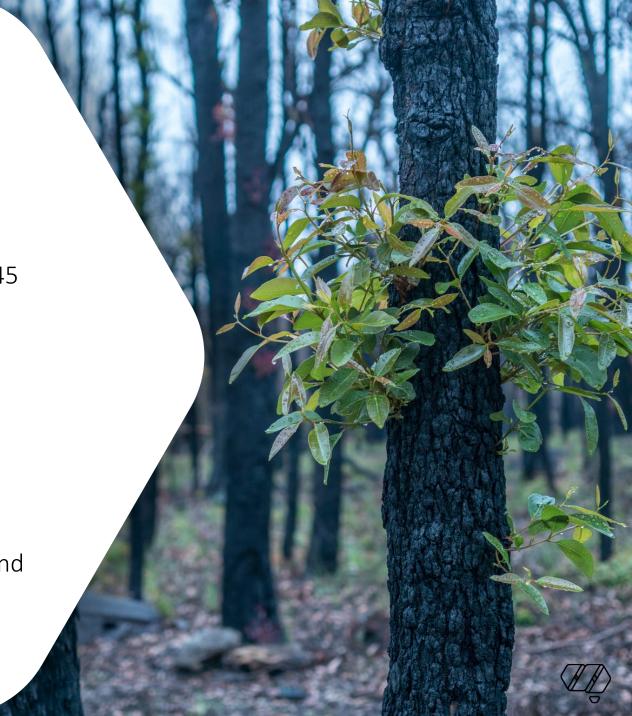






Figure 4. Author described keywords across all included studies. One paper had 27 keywords, six studies did not include any keywords.



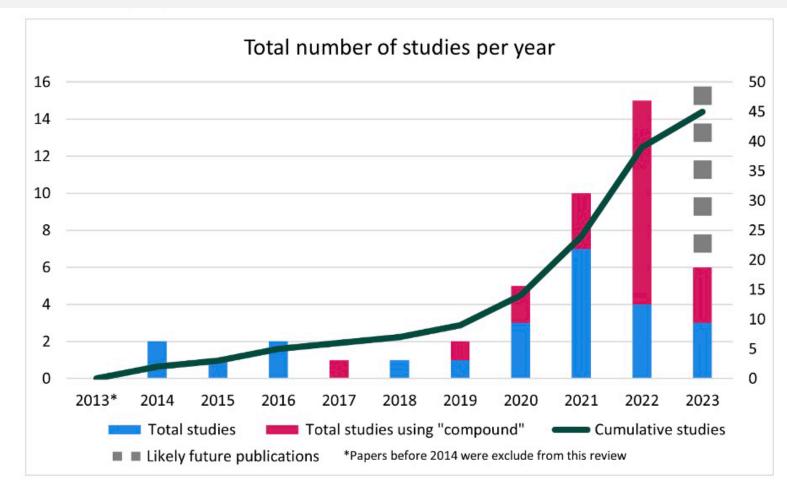


Figure 5. Number of studies published by year with emphasis on studies using the term "compound".





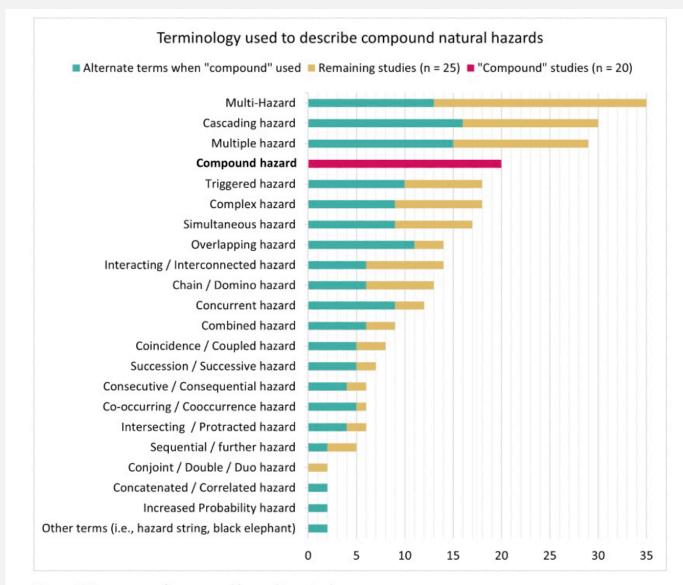


Figure 7. Frequency of compound hazard terminology.







Project case study locations

- Dandenong Ranges, VIC
- Ayr, QLD
- Tenterfield, NSW

Case study locations have been selected against a set of criteria including: type of hazard, geographical spread, social diversity, local media presence and avoiding overresearched locations.





Dandenong Ranges, VIC

 Community forum held in Olinda on 11 November 2023

12 interviews conducted

Over 100 survey responses

 Worked with the Ranges Trader Star Mail to build awareness of the research and invite forum participants





The June 2021 storms brought down trees across the Dandenong Ranges and were strewn

Share your experiences

hand experience of living through a natural disaster. They also know all too well the importance of good communication during difficult

Two years on from the devastating storms of June 2021, the Ranges Trader is support-ing an initiative to improve communication between emergency responders and locals in times of disaster.

This has led to the launch of Storm Talk, an innovative partnership between local media and natural hazards experts, which encourages Dandenong Ranges residents to share their experiences of communication during the storms and awareness about such natural

The project is funded by Natural Hazards Research Australia and delivered in partnership with a team of researchers at Deakin Uni-

"Our research team wants to know how community members received information before, during, and after the storm - and what could be improved," the project's lead researcher, Dr Gabi Mocatta said.

Over the next few weeks, the newspaper will run a series of articles presenting local perspectives on communication during the 2021 storms.

Residents are also being asked to fill out a survey or consider attending an invited community forum to share insights and experiences about where they receive information about disasters and how that process could be

good communication might have saved lives and property, and where it helped bring people together." Dr Mocatta said.

about natural hazard events, like the 2021



The 2021 storms brought down 25,000 trees and damaged 173 properties, all in the middle of some of the strictest Covid-19 lockdown nditions in the world.

Many Hills residents were left without power for months. For some, the impact of the rms is still being felt, as damage to property

Unfortunately, compound natural hazards disasters on top of disasters - are becoming increasingly common in Australia. Commo nication and awareness initiatives are key to paration for future disasters

"We are hoping that community member will join in the discussion and help us under stand what worked well and what really needs to change about the way we communicate natural hazards," Dr Mocatta said.

A storm like no other...

Gary Lee recalls the terrifying cracking sound that woke him from sleep and the shock of finding a four-tonne tree in the middle of his family home during the storms in June 2021.

Having made attempts to call for help without any success, Gary says he sat wait-ing in his car from 3am until about 7am in the hopes emergency services would arrive.

"I basically stayed near the house in the car hoping that someone would come but it never eventuated," he says.

As a former MFB firefighter, Gary says he understands the demand on emergency services during major events but commu-nication in the immediate aftermath could "It could have probably been better with

more people answering phones, to say, 'Well, look, I'm sorry, but this is what's happening and we're pretty well on demand or we've got no staff to get there'.

"That didn't happen but I'm just accept ing of it. It is what it is and other people vere worse off than me." While there were warnings for major

winds, the storm was never expected to be as ferocious as it was. "The winds, I've never felt anything like that. When you're sitting in a Hilux ute and it's actually rocking. Even with my training

it was frightening," Gary says. "With the amount of wind, it was pitch dark because no lights were on with the power all off and it was just black. I'm sitting in the car out the front and I thought to myself, 'Oh, my God, this car is actually

moving. It was horrendous. "I don't think they expected the winds to be as big as they were and the warnings weren't there for that."

The thought of leaving never ever crossed Gary's mind with the mentality of 'it's not going to happen here". He said if it was to happen again with better warnings in place, he wouldn't make the same mis-

"In hindsight, if it came again and I still

"But at the time, no. It's the old scenario: it can't happen, it won't happen. You're not expecting a tree to fall on your house. It's not going to fall out of the ground and land

Although warnings at the time were issued for floods and high winds, the Dande-nong Ranges experienced over 100km per





[↑]Star Mail

Learning better

communication

About the

What the Dandenong Ranges

experienced in 2021 - powerful storms

and flooding in the middle the COVID pandemic - is as an example of a

events are becoming more common,

but Australian communities aren't well

'compound natural hazard'. These

What can the Dandenong Ranges

compound hazards and natural

understanding of how disaster

prepare, survive and recover

communication, education and

awareness can help communities

storms tell us about communicating

This research aims to develop a better

To do this, we want to hear community members' 'storm talk' stories - and we would love to hear from you.

research

prepared.

disasters?

from natural disasters

The damage left a gaping hole in there roof

"The way the weather has gone the chances are, we are going to get this again. Still fearful of wind storms despite havng cleared many of the trees around them Gary says it is a sentiment many people in the Hills carry after the terrifying event.

The disaster was compounded by the Covid-19 pandemic which meant that peo nle were less able to move around, or leave the area, in the immediate aftermath. Power outages also added to people's informa-tion and communication difficulties after

sessors for damage while losing all of their most treasured possessions to mould and rain, created "the biggest part of the stress

move back into their home but that nigh will stay with them forever.





with support of the Ranges Trade<u>r Star Mail.</u>

How to

1.30pm to 4pm

participate

Share your thoughts

in a community forum.

Where | Local venue to be

specified on invitation

sZGD6 or emailing:

You can also

complete an

anonymous

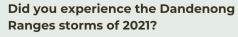
survey

When | Saturday 11 November,

Express your interest by visiting:

https://forms.office.com/r/G3BFf

gabi.mocatta@deakin.edu.au



Do you have perspectives on how disaster communication happened, before, during When | Saturday 11 November, 1.30pm-4pm Where | Local venue, specified on invitation and after the storms?

We want to hear vour story.



Express your interest in joining the forum at https://forms.office.com/r/G3BFfsZGD6 or email: gabi.mocatta@deakin.edu.au

forum.

You can also complete an anonymous survey here:



Share your thoughts

in a community



Collaboration with the local newspaper includes 6 stories about the storms, the research, compound hazards and the need for better communication.

3 advertisements published

Flyers and social media posts





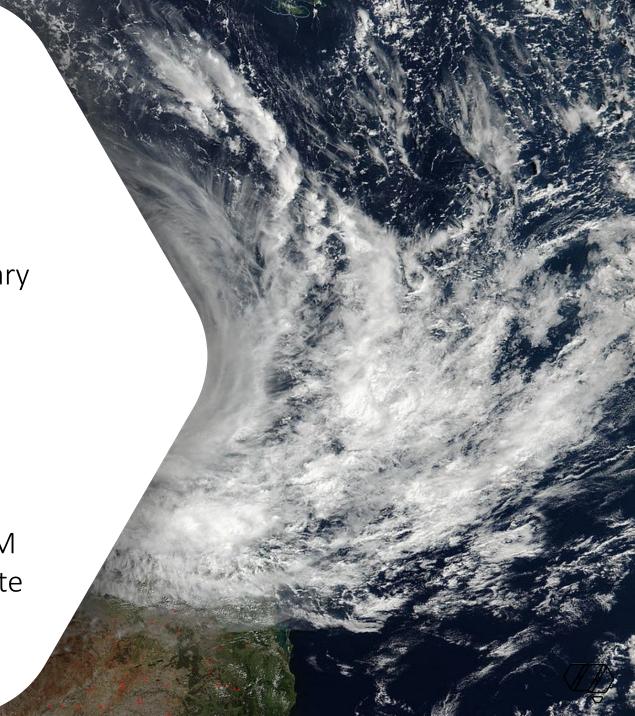
Ayr, QLD

 Community forum held in Ayr on 24 February 2024

12 interviews conducted

Survey in progress

 Worked with local media including SweetFM to build awareness of the research and invite forum participants



How should natural disasters be communicated? Tell us! We are conducting a study in Ayr to learn from your experience of the floods in 2022. Tell us your story to help emergency management understand how best to communicate to help them communities prepare, survive and recover. Share your story in a community forum: Saturday 24 February, Complete an 2.30-4.30pm anonymous survey Afternoon tea will be by scanning the QR served. code. Sign up here - link - or by emailing gabi.mocatta@deakin.edu.au DEAKIN

Burdekin Participates In Disaster Research Project

A team of researchers at Deakin University recently partnered with local media and natural hazards experts to deliver the Burdekin Aware and Prepared Community Forum.

The forum, held on Saturday, February 24 at Burdekin PCYC, saw community members come together to share their experiences of living through natural disasters and how information was communicated by different organisations.







Tenterfield, NSW

 Community forum held in Tenterfield on 16 March 2024

12 interviews conducted

Survey in progress

 Worked with local media including TenFM and the *Tenterfield Star* to build awareness of the research and invite forum participants







How should fires, floods and droughts be communicated?





TELL US, TENTERFIELD!

We are conducting a study to learn from your lived experiences of natural hazards. Tell us your story to help emergency management understand how best to communicate with communities to help them prepare, survive and recover.

Join our community forum and share your story over afternoon tea 16 March, 2:30pm-4:30pm, RSL Pavilion

More info and register





Suffering 'compound natural hazards'

Hawley from Deakin Univer- to prepare for them." sity. "But there's a growing

a growing list of places in ards become more frequent Australia experiencing dis- in Australia and around the asters, but also one of the few world. Because the overlapwhat is known as 'compound hazards can be so much more severe than when haz-"We usually think of nat- ards happen separately, lots ural disasters as separate, of research is now going into hazard researcher Dr Erin compound hazards and how

Compound hazards look realisation that many places different everywhere - with in Australia are experienc- 'cascading impacts' that can ing one or more hazards at be both natural and man- ter. In Australia, the Burkedin changing climate we are see- tsunami, then nuclear disas- while Victoria's Dandenong events in the future.'

flooding during the COVID hazards are different from the single disasters we might past," said Deakin researcher Dr Gabi Mocatta. "And that means we need to find new sponse and recovery. We can learn a lot from places like Tenterfield that have recent experienced compou hazards about how as com-



following each other. In our earthquake in Japan led to a enced cyclones and flooding, can better prepare for these converged in October 2023. Picture by Sam Newsam.

HOW SHOULD FIRES, FLOODS AND DROUGHTS BE COMMUNICATED?

Tell us Tenterfield!

Ve are conducting a study in Tenterfield to learn from our experiences of living through natural hazards and disasters. Tell us your story to help emergency management understand how best to communicate with communities to help them prepare, survive and recover.

SHARE YOUR

RSVP & JOIN US

2:30pm Saturday 16 March 2024 RSL Pavilion FREE EVEN





ANONYMOUSLY







Emerging themes...

Activating local knowledge

Awareness of vulnerability, diversity, and inclusion

Reliability of information and infrastructure

Disaster definitions, language and literacies

Combatting apathy and avoidance





Next steps

- Framework development
- Seek feedback from selected participants
- Final report
- Additional project outputs

